

7.F. Frankel, (1971) *India's Green Revolution: Economic Gains and Political Costs*, Princeton and New Jersey: Princeton University Press.

8. G. Haragopal, and K. Balagopal, (1998) 'Civil Liberties Movement and the State in India', in M. Mohanty, P. Mukherji and O. Tornquist, (eds.) *People's Rights: Social Movements and the State in the Third World* New Delhi: Sage.

Semester VI

B.A. Political Science

SEMESTER- VI

MAJOR

Pol -M-T-8: Public Administration (Theories & Concepts)

Major; Credit-6; Full Marks-75

Course Objectives:

After completion of the course the learners will be able to:

- Understand the nature of Public administration and distinguish it from private administration.
- Trace the evolution of Public administration as an academic discipline.
- Develop an understanding of the major concept & theories of public administration.

Unit 1: Public Administration: Definition, Nature and Scope; Difference between Private and Public Administration; Evolution of the Discipline of Public Administration.

Unit 2: Classical Theories of Administration: Classical Theory, (Fayol, Urwick and Gulick) Scientific Management Theory (F.W.Taylor) Bureaucratic Theory, (Max Weber) and Human Relations Theory (Mayo).

Unit 3: Neo-Classical Theories of Administration: Elton Mayo and Human Relations Theory; Decision-making with special reference to H.Simon,

Unit 4: Contemporary Theories of Administration: Ecological Approach of Fred Riggs; Innovation and Entrepreneurship of Peter Drucker.

Unit 5: Public Policy: Concept and Relevance – Approaches to the Study of Public Policy; Public Policy Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation.

Unit 6: Major Approaches in Public Administration: New Public Administration, New Public Management, New Public Service Approach and Good Governance.

Suggested Readings:

1. Bhattacharya , Mohit, *New Horizons of Public Administration*, New Delhi, Jawahar Publishers, 2011.

2. Chakraborty, Bidyut & Bhattacharya, Mohit, *Public Administration : A Reader*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2006.
3. Nigro, F.A. and Nigro, L.G. , *Modern Public Administration*, New York: Harper and Row, 1984.
4. Naidu, S.P., *Public Administration: Concepts and Theories*, New Delhi, New Age International (P) Ltd. Publishers, 2005.
5. Mishra, S. & Dhameja, A. eds., *Public Administration: Approaches & Applications*, New Delhi, Pearson, 2016.
6. Robbins, S., Judge, T.A., Millett, B. & Boyle, M., *Organizational Behaviour*, Australia, Pearson, 2014.
7. Henry, N, *Public Administration and Public Affairs*, New Jersey, Pearson, 2013.

B.A. Political Science
SEMESTER- VI
MAJOR
Pol -M-T-9: Comparative Government & Politics
Major; Credit-6; Full Marks-75

Course Objectives:

After completion of the course the learner will be able to:

- Identify the difference between Comparative Politics and Comparative Government.
- Identify the different types of Constitutional Systems.
- Gain knowledge about the basic features of the constitution in UK, USA and PRC.

Unit 1: The Nature and Scope of Comparative Government - Distinction between Comparative Politics and Comparative Government- Going beyond Euro centrism.

Unit 2: Major approaches to the study of comparative politics ---Institutional approach (dominant schools: Systems approach and Structural Functional approach)- limitations; New Institutionalism, Political Economy--- origin and key features.

Unit 3: Colonialism and Decolonization: Meaning, context, forms – anti-colonial struggles and process of decolonization.

Unit 4: Socialism: Meaning, growth and Development.

Unit 5: Comparative study of the Constitutional Developments and Political Economy of: Britain, Brazil, Nigeria and China.

Suggested Readings:

- 1.Hague, Rod, Harrop, Martin & McCormick, John., *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*, UK, Macmillan Education, Palgrave, 2016.
- 2.Johari, J.C., *New Comparative Government*, New Delhi, Lotus Press, 2006.
- 3.Blondel, J., *Comparative Government Introduction*, New York, Routledge, 2013.
- 4.Bara, J & Pennington, M. (eds.). *Comparative Politics*. New Delhi: Sage, 2009.
- 5.Caramani, D. (edt.). *Comparative Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 6.Bhat, Mohd. Shafi, *Comparative Government and Politics: Political Analysis*, New Delhi, Educreation Publishing, 2011.

B.A. Political Science
SEMESTER- VI
MAJOR
Pol -M-T-10: Global Politics & Issues since 1945
Major; Credit-6; Full Marks-75

Course objectives:

After completing of the course, the student will be able to

- Understand the major issues influencing International politics
- Identify the major regional organizations and their policies

Unit 1: Contemporary Global Issues I: Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons- Arms race, arms control and Disarmament Policy: PTBT, NPT and CTBT; Ecological Issues – Historical Overview of International Environmental Agreements – Climate Change- Global Commons Debate.

Unit 2: Contemporary Global Issues II: Understanding Globalization and Its alternative Perspectives – Debates on Sovereignty and Territoriality – Cultural and Technological Dimensions of Globalization; Political Economy of International Relations: New International Economic Order- North-South Dialogue- South-South Cooperation- World Bank- IMF- WTO- TNCs- Global trade & Finance- Neo-Colonialism and Dependency.

Unit 3: Contemporary Global Issues III: Terrorism & International System: Conceptual Framework – Challenges to Global Security – Post 9/11 Developments - Counter Terrorist Strategies and War on Terror; Human Rights: The politics of human rights promotion – UN and Human Rights- Human Security- Migration.

Unit 4: Cold War and its evolution: Different Phases- Collapse of USSR and End of Cold War- Emergence of Third World: NAM; Pan Africanism. Post-Cold War Developments: overview. West Asia and the Palestine question.

Unit 5: Europe in transition: European Union, Brexit (overview).

Unit 6: Major regional organizations: ASEAN, OPEC, SAFTA, SAARC and BRICS.

Suggested Readings:

1. Baylis John & Smith Steve, *The Globalization of World Politics: An introduction to International Relations*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2005.
2. Salmon, Trevor C. & Imber Mark F. eds., *Issues in International Relations*, New York, Routledge, 2000.
3. Larche, Rene A. ed., *Global Terrorism Issues and Developments*, New York, Nova Science Publishers, 2008.
4. Forsythe, David P. , *Human Rights in International Relations*, Cambridge , Cambridge University Press, 2012.
5. Grugel, Jean & Hout Wil , Eds. *Regionalism across the North/South Divide: State Strategies and Globalization*, New York, Routledge, 1999.
6. Footer, Mary E., *An Institutional and Normative Analysis of the World Trade Organization*, Leiden, Martinus Nijhoff Publishers, 2006.

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