201/Geog(N)

UG/2nd Sem/GEOG-MJ-T-02/24

U.G. 2nd Semester Examination - 2024

## **GEOGRAPHY**

## [MAJOR]

Course Code : GEOG-MJ-T-02 (Population and Settlement Geography) [NEP-2020]

Full Marks : 60

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

1. Answer any ten questions from the following:  $2 \times 10 = 20$ 

- a) State the significance of demographic studies in Geography.
- b) What is meant by pro-natal population policy?
- c) What is population explosion?
- d) Distinguish between *push* and *pull factors*.
- e) What is sex ratio?
- f) Define crude birth rate.
- g) Mention any two importance of *population pyramid*.

[Turn over]

- h) What is meant by *infant mortality rate*?
- i) What is *urban sprawl*?
- j) What is meant by *site* in rural settlement?
- k) Define *census town*.
- 1) Give the concept of *urban agglomeration*.
- m) What is *rurban*?
- n) Define ekistics.
- o) What is rural urban continuum?
- 2. Answer any **four** questions from the following:

5×4=20

- a) Bring out the landuse pattern of city as propounded by Hoyt in sector theory.
- b) Analyse the internal layout of rural settlement morphology.
- c) Mention the scope of Settlement Geography.
- d) Trace out the stages of Demographic Transition Theory after Thompson.
- e) Specify the types of migration mentioning their bases.
- f) State the salient features of population policy in Sweden.

- 3. Answer any two questions from the following:  $10 \times 2=20$ 
  - a) Critically analyse the Christaller's Central Place theory.
  - b) Discuss the major determinants of fertility with necessary examples.
  - c) Evaluate the Malthusian theory of population growth.
  - d) Elucidate the type and pattern of rural settlement in India with necessary illustrations.

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