301/Geog(N)

UG/3rd Sem/GEOG-MJ-T-3/24

U.G. 3rd Semester Examination - 2024

GEOGRAPHY

[MAJOR]

Course Code : GEOG-MJ-T-3 (Fundamentals of Remote Sensing, GIS and GNSS) [NEP-2020]

Full Marks: 60

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

1. Answer any ten questions from the following: $2 \times 10 = 20$

a) What is electromagnetic radiation?

b) What is sensor?

c) What is meant by spectral band?

d) What is infrared radiation?

e) What is datum?

- f) What is digital image?
- g) What are fiducial marks in an aerial photograph?
- h) What is the principal point in an aerial photograph?

[Turn over]

- i) What is nadir point?
- j) What is photogrammetry?
- k) Define GIS.
- 1) What is meant by overlay analysis?
- m) What is Global Positioning System?
- n) What is meant by image enhancement?
- o) What is a buffer in GIS?
- 2. Answer any **four** questions from the following: $5 \times 4 = 20$
 - a) Distinguish between spatial resolution and spectral resolution.
 - b) Differentiate raster data from vector data.
 - c) Specify any two methods of GIS-GNSS integration.
 - d) Illustrate any two methods for measuring the scale of an aerial photograph.
 - e) Give the concept of spectral signature.
 - f) Distinguish between Sun-Synchronous and Geostationary Satellites.

3. Answer any **two** questions from the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- a) Discuss the basic principles of visual image interpretation in remote sensing.
- b) Elaborate the application of remote sensing in managing agriculture and monitoring urban growth. 5+5=10
- c) Analyse the essential components of GIS.
 Specify the data manipulation process in GIS.
 7+3=10
- d) Illustrate the principles of GNSS positioning with suitable diagrams. 5+5=10