304/Chem(N)

UG/3rd Sem/CHEM-MDC-T-3/24

U.G. 3rd Semester Examination-2024 CHEMISTRY

[Multidisciplinary Course (MDC)] Course Code : CHEM-MDC-T-3 (Chemistry in Daily Life) [NEP-2020]

Full Marks : 35

Time : 90 Minutes

Instructions to the Candidates:

- Candidates will be provided with a question cum answer booklet.
- The booklet contain 40 multiple choice questions, each carrying 1 mark. Candidate will attempt 35 questions from the following (MCQ).
- Candidates must fill up his/her Registration Number, Year & Roll Number in the space provided.
- Do not make any rough work on the answer booklet.
- At the end of the examination please return the answer booklet to the invigilator.

Roll Number	
Signature of the Invigilator	

[Turn Over]

Answer any thirty five from the following questions. [Choose the correct option and put tick ($\sqrt{}$) mark beside given box]: $1 \times 35 = 35$

- 1. Which of the following is an artificial sweetener?
 - a) Aspartame
 - b) Glucose
 - c) Sucrose
 - d) Fructose
- 2. What is the function of emulsifiers in food?
 - a) To add color
 - b) To stabilize foam
 - c) To enhance flavor
 - d) To preserve food
- 3. Identify an example of a food preservative:
 - a) Salt
 - b) Sodium benzoate
 - c) Sugar
 - d) Vinegar
- 4. Which food additive is used as a foaming agent?
 - a) Lecithin
 - b) Agar-agar
 - c) Gelatin
 - d) Casein
- 5. Which of the following is a natural food color?
 - a) Caramel
 - b) Tartrazine
 - c) Indigo
 - d) Annatto
- 6. Which vitamin is essential for vision?
 - a) Vitamin A
 - b) Vitamin B
 - c) Vitamin C
 - d) Vitamin D

[Turn Over]

- 7. Vitamin K is important for:
 - a) Bone health
 - b) Blood clotting
 - c) Vision
 - d) Immunity
- 8. Interferon is connected with
 - a) Tonic
 - b) Virus
 - c) Carbohydrate
 - d) Ore of iron
- 9. Which of these is a water-soluble vitamin?

[4]

- a) Vitamin A
- b) Vitamin C
- c) Vitamin D
- d) Vitamin K
- 10. Aspirin is used as:
 - a) Pain relief
 - b) Antibiotic
 - c) Anti-inflammatory
 - d) Sedative
- 11. Which drug is used to treat malaria?
 - a) Paracetamol
 - b) Chloroquine
 - c) Ibuprofen
 - d) Penicillin
- 12. One of the most widely used durgs in medicine iodex is
 - a) Methyl salicylate
 - b) Ethyle salicylate
 - c) Acetyl salicylic acid
 - d) O-Hydroxy benzoic acid
- 13. What is the primary use of metronidazole?
 - a) Treating pain
 - b) Treating infections
 - c) Sedation
 - d) Blood thinning

- 14. Chloramine-T is an
 - a) Disinfectant
 - b) Antiseptic
 - c) Analgesic
 - d) Antipyretic
- 15. Quinine is extracted from:
 - a) Leaves
 - b) Bark
 - c) Roots
 - d) Seeds
- 16. Paracetamol is classified as:
 - a) Antibiotic
 - b) Analgesic
 - c) Antipyretic
 - d) Sedative
- 17. Which is an example of edible oil?
 - a) Olive oil
 - b) Coconut oil
 - c) Palm oil
 - d) Mustard oil
- 18. Hydrogenation of oil produces:
 - a) Margarine
 - b) Butter
 - c) Vanaspati
 - d) Ghee
- 19. Vanaspati is made by:
 - a) Fermentation
 - b) Hydrogenation
 - c) Boiling
 - d) Oxidation
- 20. Which fatty acid is essential for humans?
 - a) Omega-3 fatty acids
 - b) Trans fats
 - c) Saturated fats
 - d) Omega-9 fatty acids

[Turn Over]

[5]

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- 21. Identify a source of saturated fat:
 - a) Olive oil
 - b) Lard
 - c) Canola oil
 - d) Sunflower oil
- 22. What is the main constituent of margarine?

[6]

- a) Glycerin
- b) Lecithin
- c) Saturated fats
- d) Unsaturated fats
- 23. Unsaturated oils are converted to solid fats by:
 - a) Hydrogenation
 - b) Fermentation
 - c) Esterification
 - d) Oxidation
- 24. Which is a non-edible oil?
 - a) Castor oil
 - b) Soybean oil
 - c) Palm oil
 - d) Cottonseed oil
- 25. Which of the following is used in the manufacture of soaps?
 - a) Cutting oil
 - b) Kerosene oil
 - c) Mobil oil
 - d) Vegetable oil
- 26. Which is a liquid soap?
 - a) Detergent
 - b) Shampoo
 - c) Dishwashing liquid
 - d) Body wash
- 27. Identify an enzyme-based detergent:
 - a) Biodegradable soap
 - b) Non-biodegradable detergent
 - c) Synthetic detergent
 - d) Enzyme detergent

- 28. Detergent powder contains:
 - a) Washing soda
 - b) Caustic soda
 - c) Bleaching powder
 - d) Sodium bicarbonate
- 29. Soap removes grease by
 - a) Osmosis
 - b) Emulsification
 - c) Adsorption
 - d) Coagulation
- 30. Which of these is a biodegradable soap?
 - a) · Sodium oleate
 - b) Sodium stearate
 - c) Sodium laurate
 - d) Sodium chloride
- 31. In pesticide, the root word is lating word "Cide" which means
 - a) To harm
 - b) To control
 - c) To kill
 - d) To suicide
- 32. DDT is an example of:
 - a) Fungicide
 - b) Herbicide
 - c) Insecticide
 - d) Rodenticide
- 33. Which pesticide has residual toxicity?
 - a) Aldrin
 - b) Decamethrin
 - c) Malathion
 - d) Paraquat
- 34. Gamma-hexane is also known as:
 - a) Lindane.
 - b) Chloroform
 - c) Hexachlorobenzene
 - d) Paraquat

[Turn Over]

[7]

35. The approximate weight percent of SiO₂ in bromosilicate glass is

- a) 40%
- b) 50%
- c) 60%
- d) 80%
- 36. Decamethrin is used in
 - a) Insect control
 - b) Weed control
 - c) Fungus control
 - d) Bacteria control
- 37. Which element is used in colored glass?
 - a) Iron oxide
 - b) Chromium
 - c) Cobalt
 - d) All of these
- 38. The process of vitrification refers to:
 - a) Heating
 - b) Cooling
 - c) Melting
 - d) Solidification
- 39. Glazed porcelain is a type of:
 - a) Ceramic
 - b) Porcelain
 - c) Enamel
 - d) Glass
- 40. Which of the following is not a classification of glass?
 - a) Soda-lime glass
 - b) Potash-lead glass
 - c) Potash-lime glass
 - d) Soda-bromine glass