Dumkal College

U.G. 5th Semester Internal Examination-2023

MATHEMATICS [HONOURS] Course Code: MATH(H)DSE-T-01 (A/B) & MATH(H)DSE-T-02

Full Marks: 10+10

The figures in the right- hand margin indicate marks. Symbols have their usual meaning.

MATH(H)DSE-T-1(A)

1. Answer any **two** questions:

- (a) Let *G* be a group. Show that Inn(G) is a normal subgroup of Aut(G).
- (b) Find the class equation of the symmetric group S_3 .
- (c) Show that a mapping $f : G \to G$ defined by $f(g) = g^{-1}$, $g \in G$ is an automorphism of a group *G* iff *G* is an abelian group.

2. Answer any **one** question:

- (a) If *H* is a p-sylow subgroup of *G* and $x \in G$, then prove that $x^{-1}Hx$ is also a p-sylow subgroup of G.
- (b) Show that any group of order p^2 is commutative, where *p* is a prime.

MATH(H)DSE-T-1(B)

- 1. Answer any **two** questions:
 - (a) Solve t.y'' + y' + 4ty = 0, y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 0, by Laplace transformation.
 - (b) By using method of separation of variables solve: $3u_x + 2u_y = 0$, $u(x, 0) = 4e^{-x}$.
 - (c) Reduce the equation $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 0$ to canonical form.

Time: 1 Hour

 $2 \times 3 = 6$

 $1 \times 4 = 4$

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

MATH(H)DSE-T-2A

- 1. Answer any **two** questions:
 - (a) What is linear Diophantine equation ? Determine all solutions in integers of the Diophantine equation 56x + 72y = 40.
 - (b) State Chinese Remainder theorem. Solve the set of simultaneous congruences $x \equiv 1 \pmod{3}$, $x \equiv 2 \pmod{5}$, $x \equiv 3 \pmod{7}$.
 - (c) State Fermat's Little theorem. Show that 17 divides $11^{104} + 1$.

* * *

 $2 \times 5 = 10$