UG/1st Sem/PHY-M-T-01/23

101/Phs(N)

# U.G. 1st Semester Examination - 2023

# **PHYSICS**

[MAJOR]

Course Code: PHY-M-T-01 (Mathematical Physics-I)

[NEP-2020]

Full Marks: 40 Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

#### **GROUP-A**

1. Answer any five questions:

- Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x-|x|}{x}$ a)
- State the order and degree of the differential b) equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 5x \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^3 = 3\cos(x)$$

- Check whether c) the three  $\hat{i}$ ,  $\hat{i} + \hat{j}$ ,  $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$  are linearly independent.
- Check whether  $dw = 2xy dx + x^2 dy$  is an exact d) differential.
- Find  $\nabla(\vec{\nabla}.\vec{A})$  where  $\vec{A} = \frac{\vec{r}}{r}$ e)

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- f) Find the eigen values of the matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$ 
  - g) Prove that  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)\delta(x-a) dx = f(a)$
  - h) Using Gauss' divergence theorem, show that  $\iiint_{V} (\phi \nabla^{2} \psi \psi \nabla^{2} \phi) dV = \oiint_{S} (\phi \vec{\nabla} \psi \psi \vec{\nabla} \phi) . d\vec{S}$

where  $\phi(x, y, z)$  and  $\psi(x, y, z)$  are two scalar functions and and the surface integral is over the surface S enclosing the volume V.

### **GROUP-B**

- 2. Answer any **two** questions :  $5 \times 2 = 10$ 
  - a) Sketch the function  $e^x, e^{-x}, e^{-|x|}$  for  $-1 \le x \le 1$ . Explain whether the function  $e^{-|x|}$  is differentiable at x = 0
  - b) Solve the equation y'' + 6y' + 8y = 0Subject to the condition y = 1, y' = 0 at x = 0where  $y' \equiv \frac{dy}{dx}$  and  $y'' \equiv \frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ .
  - c) Considering two position vectors in three dimensions, show that their scalar product remains invariant under the rotation of coordinate system about z-axis.

101/Phs(N)

(2)

d) Consider the vector field  $\vec{F} = -5\hat{r} + \sin\phi\sin\theta\hat{\theta}$ , Calculate curl  $\vec{F}$ .

### **GROUP-C**

Answer any two questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$ 

3. a) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Suppose that the temperature T at any point (x, y, z) is given by

$$T(x, y, z) = x^2 - y^2 + yz + 373.$$

In which direction is the temperature increasing most rapidly at (-1, 2, 3)? What is the maximum rate of change of temperature at that point?

c) If S is any closed surface enclosing a volume V and  $\vec{A} = ax\hat{i} + by\hat{j} + cz\hat{k}$ , show that

$$\oint_{S} \overrightarrow{A} \cdot \overrightarrow{ds} = (a+b+c)V$$

$$3+(1+3)+3$$

4. a) Prove that  $\vec{\nabla} \cdot (\phi \vec{V}) = (\vec{V}\phi) \cdot \vec{V} + \phi(\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{V})$  for a scalar field  $\phi(x, y, z)$  and a vector field  $\vec{V}(x, y, z)$ .

Now take  $\vec{V}$  to be a non-zero constant vector field  $\vec{C}$  and use Stoke's theorem to prove that,

101/Phs(N)

(3)

[Turn over]

$$\oint_C \phi \overrightarrow{dr} = \iint_S \overrightarrow{ds} \cdot \overrightarrow{\nabla} \phi$$

where the closed curve C is the boundary of the surface S.

- b) Find the values of  $\lambda, \mu, \nu$  so that the vector  $\vec{F} = (x + \lambda y + 4z)\hat{i} + (2x 3y + \mu z)\hat{j} + (\nu x y + 2z)\hat{k}$  is conservative. Find also the scalar function  $\phi(x, y, z)$  such that  $\vec{F} = \vec{\nabla}\phi$ . (3+3)+4
- 5. a) Solve  $\sin x \frac{dy}{dx} + y \cos x = 2\sin^2 x \cos x$ 
  - b) Find the Jacobian of the transformation  $x=5v+5w^2$ ,  $y=3w+3u^2$ ,  $z=2u+2v^2$  5+5
- 6. a) Show that the infinitesimal volume element in Spherical Polar Coordinate system  $(r,\theta,\phi)$  is  $r^2\sin\theta dr d\theta d\phi$ .
  - b) Verify the divergence theorem for  $\vec{A} = 4xz\hat{\imath} + y^2\hat{\jmath} + yz\hat{k}$  and a cube bounded by the planes
    - x = 0, x = 1, y = 0, y = 1, z = 0 and z = 1.
  - c) Prove that  $\oint u \vec{\nabla} v \cdot d\vec{r} = -\oint v \vec{\nabla} u \cdot d\vec{r}$ . 4+4+2

101/Phs(N)

(4)